

Screenshots

Tiki Manager Web Administration

Instance List

 managers.example.org (git, 21.x) <small>contact: contact@example.org</small>	      <small>last action: create on 2020-07-25</small>
 developers.example.org (git, 20.x) <small>contact: admin@example.com</small>	      <small>last action: create on 2020-07-25</small>
docs (blank) <small>contact: admin@example.com</small>	  <small>last action:</small>
 classroom.example.org (git, 18.x) <small>contact: classroom@example.org</small>	      <small>last action: create on 2020-07-25</small>

Create a new instance

Create a blank instance

Import a tiki instance

Tiki Manager Web Administration

Backup an instance

[managers.example.org](#) (git, 21.x)



[developers.example.org](#) (git, 20.x)



[classroom.example.org](#) (git, 18.x)



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Tiki Manager Web Administration

Importing a Tiki instance

Tiki Web root	<input type="text" value="/var/www/virtual/localhost/html/"/>
----------------------	---

[◀ Cancel](#)[Import](#)

Tiki Manager Web Administration

Requirements

Name	Tags	Status
PHP SQLite extension	php-pdo	OK
SQLite package	sqlite3	OK
SSH tools	ssh, ssh-keygen	OK
SVN package	svn	OK
File synchronization package	rsync	OK
Process Prioritizer package	nice	OK
SCP package	scp	OK
MYSQL package	mysql, mysqldump	OK
File compression packages	gzip, bzip2, tar, unzip	OK

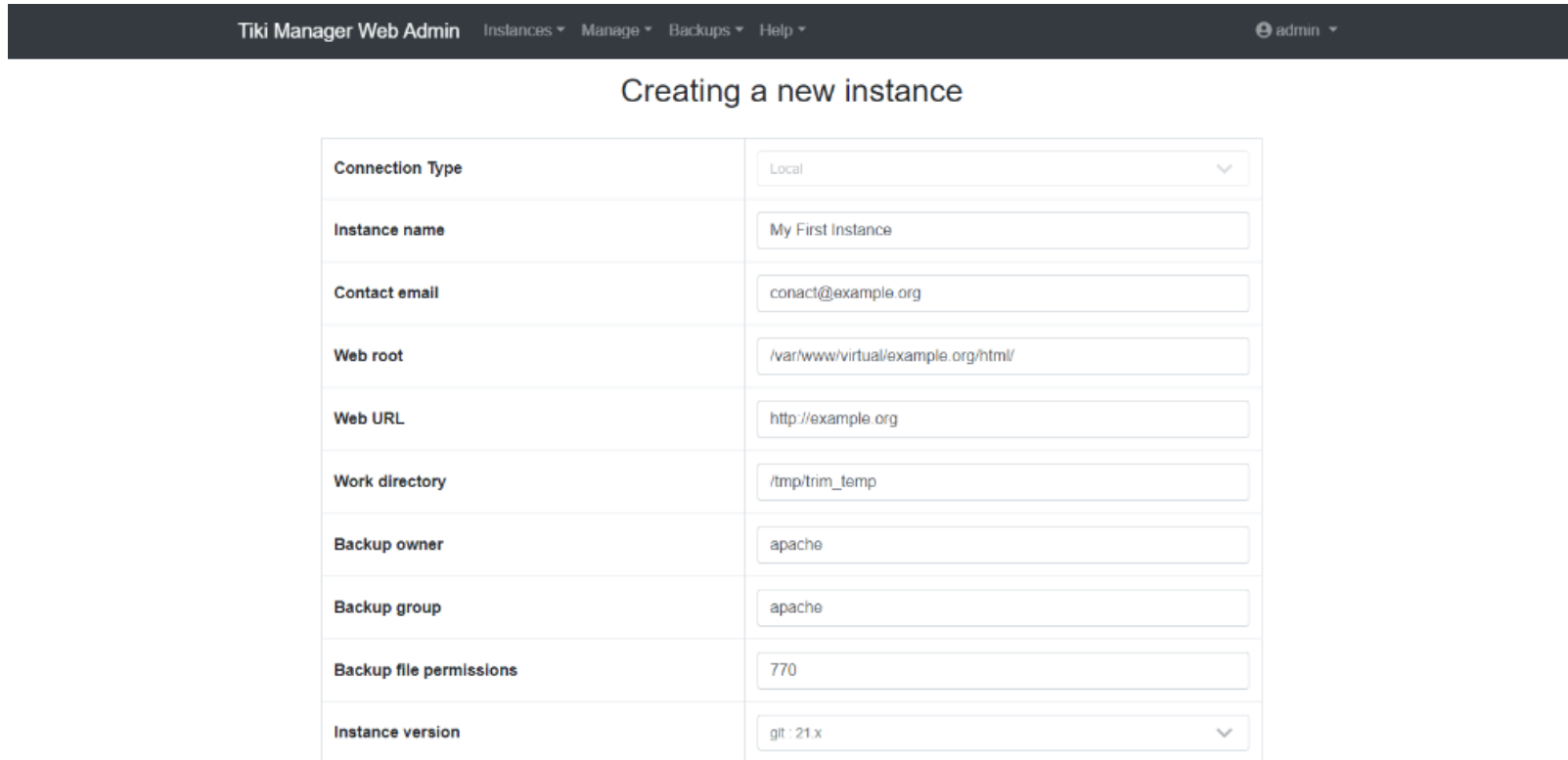
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1.2. Key features

1.2.1. Instances

1.2.1.1. Create a new instance

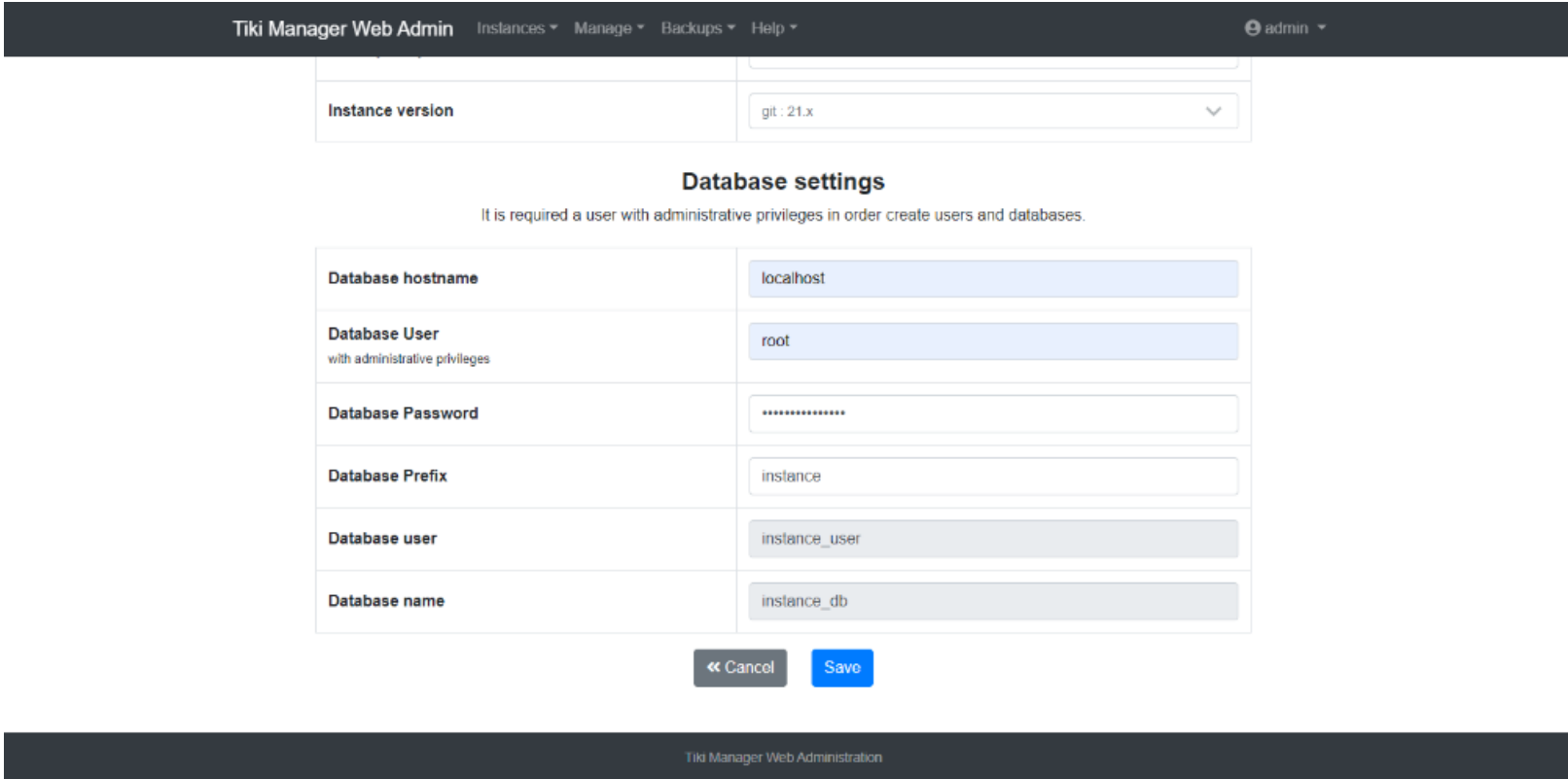
To create a new instance, go to **Instances** â†’ **Create a new instance**, (e.g. <http://example.org/create>), fill in the fields on the server as shown in this example:



The screenshot shows the 'Creating a new instance' form in the Tiki Manager Web Admin interface. The form is a table with the following fields and values:

Field	Value
Connection Type	Local
Instance name	My First Instance
Contact email	contact@example.org
Web root	/var/www/virtual/example.org/html/
Web URL	http://example.org
Work directory	/tmp/trim_temp
Backup owner	apache
Backup group	apache
Backup file permissions	770
Instance version	git : 21.x

Scroll down to Database Settings; it is necessary to have a user with administrative privileges in order to create users and databases:



1.2.1.2. Import a Tiki instance

To import a Tiki instance, go to **Instances** and click **Import a tiki instance**, once at (e.g `http://example.org/import`), specify the path of the instance in the "Tiki Web root" field as shown in the example below:

Tiki Manager Web Administration

Importing a Tiki instance

Tiki Web root	<input type="text" value="/var/www/virtual/localhost/html/"/>
<p style="text-align: center;"><input type="button" value="« Cancel"/> <input type="button" value="Import"/></p>	

1.2.1.3. Delete an instance

Deleting an instance is done by going to **Instances** and **Delete an instance**, (e.g. <http://example.org/delete>), if you click on the ✕ icon, confirm your action with a click on the "Delete" or the "Cancel" button to cancel it. Note that you do NOT delete your Tiki. The action just deletes the instance connection to Tiki Manager Web Administration.

Tiki Manager Web Administration

Delete an instance

managers.example.org (git, 21.x)	✘
developers.example.org (git, 20.x)	✘
docs (blank)	✘
classroom.example.org (git, 18.x)	✘

« Back to list

1.2.1.4. List Instances

All your instances are displayed at (e.g. <http://example.org/list>), **Instances at List instances**. On this page or on the home page, you can perform actions such as “Create a blank instance”, “Edit an instance”, “Fix an instance”, etc.

Tiki Manager Web Administration

Instance List

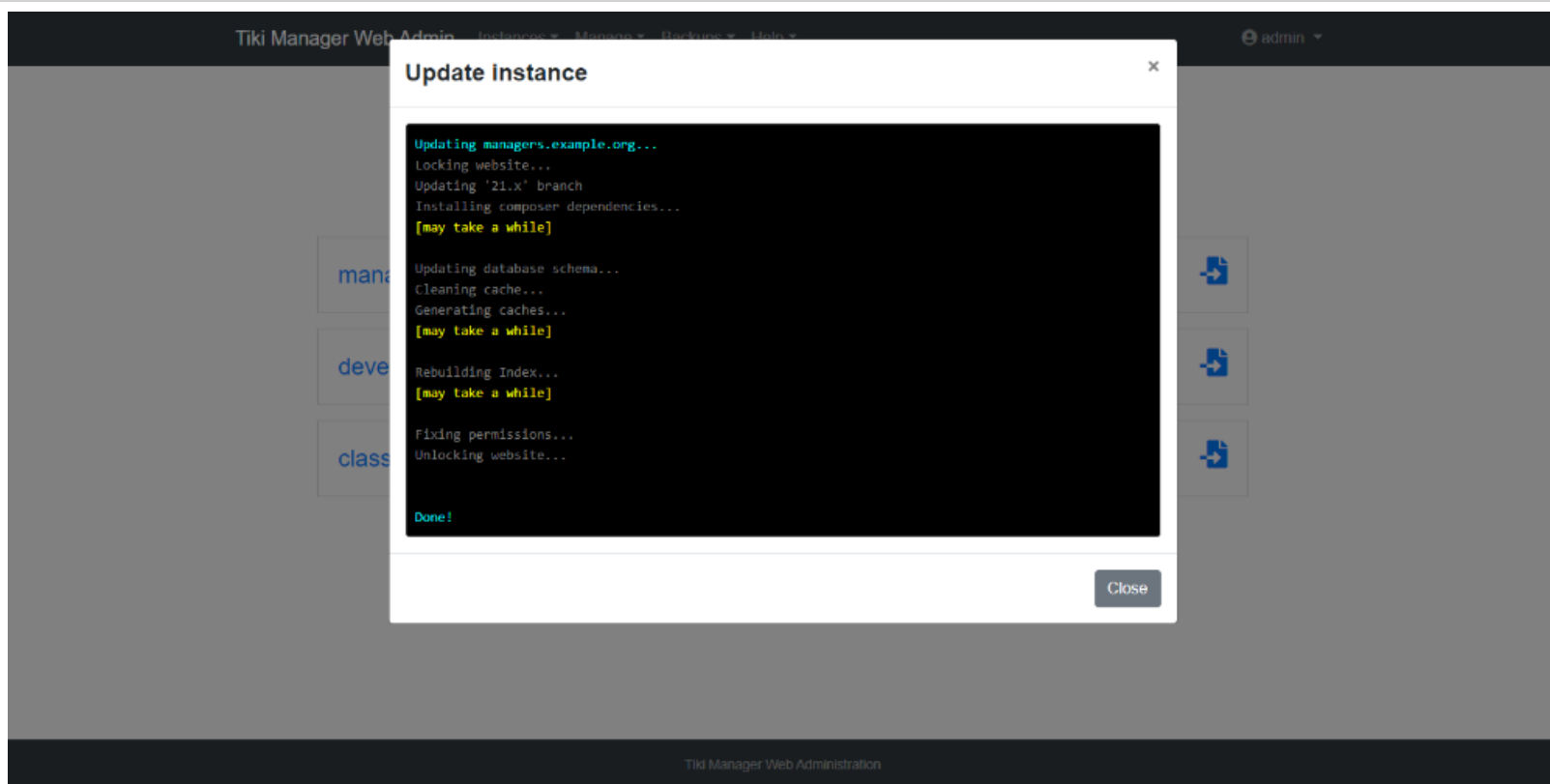
 managers.example.org (git, 21.x) contact: contact@example.org	      last action: create on 2020-07-25
 developers.example.org (git, 20.x) contact: admin@example.com	      last action: create on 2020-07-25
docs (blank) contact: admin@example.com	  last action:
 classroom.example.org (git, 18.x) contact: classroom@example.org	      last action: create on 2020-07-25

[Create a new instance](#)[Create a blank instance](#)[Import a tiki instance](#)

1.2.2. Manage

1.2.2.1. Update an instance

Update an instance, by going to **Manage** â†’ **Update an instance**, (e.g <http://example.org/update>), and then click on an instance, a modal will open and you will see a result like this:



This operation:

- Does a *dry-run* first, and aborts on any conflicts
- Updates to latest code in that branch (or trunk) using `git pull` or `svn up` and thus merging any changes
- And all operations should be done after updating the code
 - Updates the file hashes accordingly. The hash verification/update may prompt with some files containing conflicts if modifications were made on the instance.
 - Performs the database update.
 - Runs setup and Composer,
 - Clears cache


▪ Rebuilds search index

1.2.2.2. Upgrade an instance

You can also upgrade your instance. For example to move from version 20.x to version 21.x. To do this, proceed as follows: **Manage â†’ Upgrade an instance**, on the page (e.g <http://example.org/upgrade>); select the source instance then select the version to be upgraded, then click on the upgrade button. A modal will open to give you the upgrade report.


The screenshot shows the 'Upgrade an instance' page in Tiki Manager Web Administration. The page title is 'Tiki Manager Web Administration' and the main heading is 'Upgrade an instance'. Below the heading, it says 'Select the source instance'. There are three options for source instances, each in a box: 'managers.example.org (git, 21.x)', 'developers.example.org (git, 20.x)', and 'classroom.example.org (git, 18.x)'. The 'developers.example.org (git, 20.x)' option is highlighted in green. Below these options, it says 'Select the version to upgrade'. There is a dropdown menu showing 'git : 21.x'. At the bottom, there are two buttons: '« Back to list' and '✖ Upgrade'.

1.2.2.3. Fix an instance

To fix the permissions of an instance with Tiki Manager Web Administration, proceed to **Manage â†’ Fix an instance** (e.g <http://example.org/fix>). On the list of your instances, set the instance of your choice by clicking on the  button.

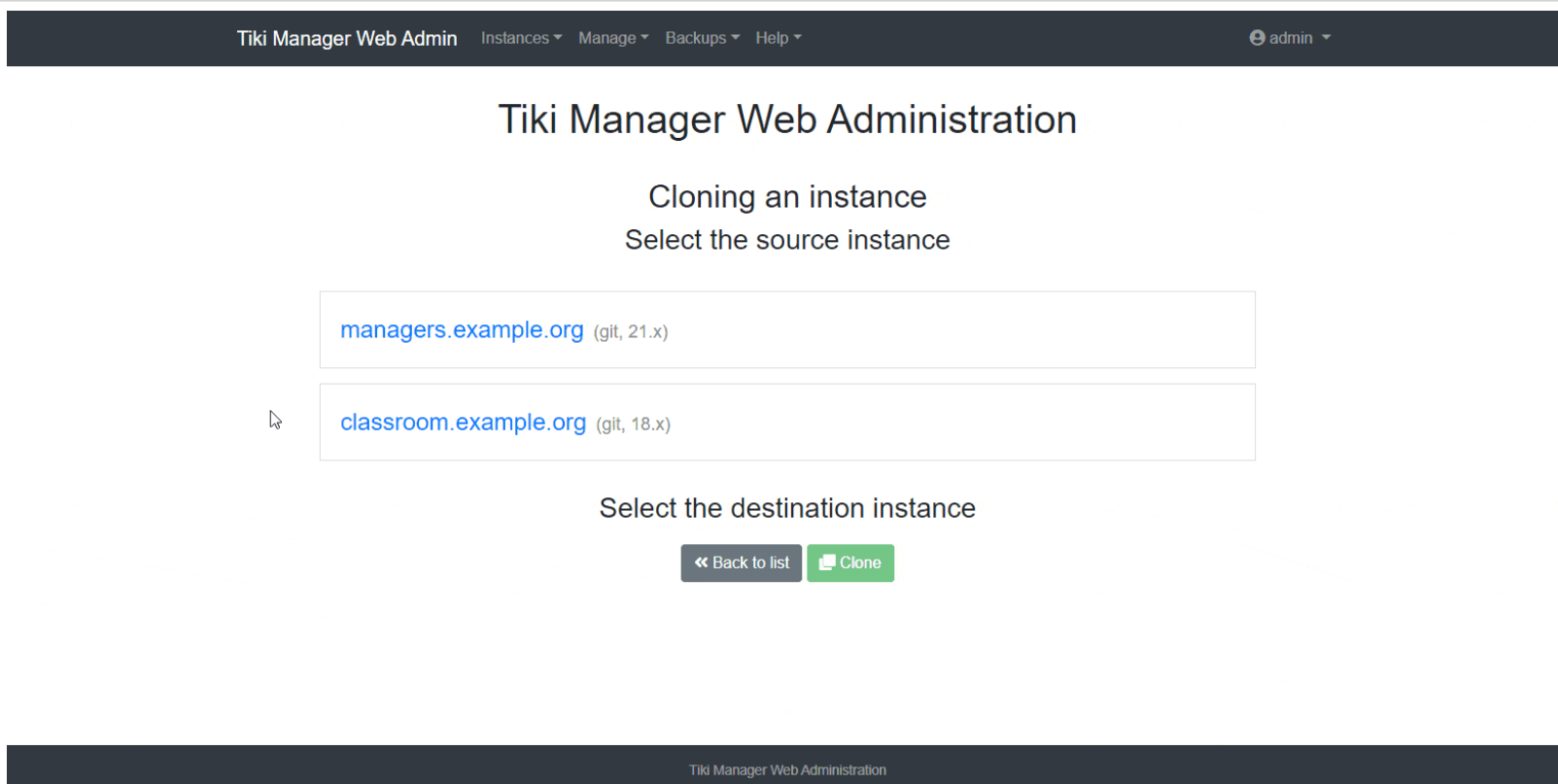
This action is equivalent to running the command `sh setup.sh` using automated parameters.

1.2.2.4. Watch an instance

Tiki Manager Web Administration allow you to check for anomalies in an instance, proceed to **Manage â†’ Watch an instance**, (e.g <http://example.org/watch>). On the list of instances, click on the  button, a modal will appear to give you a report of the process.

1.2.2.5. Clone an instance

If you want to create an identical copy of an instance, go to **Manage â†’ Clone an instance**, (e.g <http://example.org/clone>). On the list of your instances, select the source instance, then the destination instance and click on the "clone" button. A modal will open to give you the clone report.



Be very careful, when using another existing Tiki Instance, as the data here will be wiped and replaced by the data from the source instance.

1.2.2.6. Clone and Upgrade an instance

You can also clone, create an exact copy of an instance and upgrade it simultaneously with Tiki Manager Web Administration. Like **Clone an instance** with an extra upgrade operation. To do this, scroll down the "Manage" menu and click on "Clone and upgrade an instance", once on the page:

- Select the source instance, the one you want to clone and upgrade;
- Select the destination instance, the instance in which you want to clone and upgrade;
- Select the version to upgrade (e.g. 21.x)

- Click on the "Clone and Upgrade" button.

1.2.3. Backups

1.2.3.1. Backup an instance

To backup an instance with Tiki Manager Web Administration, go to **Backups â†’ Make a Backup**, (e.g <http://example.org/backup>), and click on the relevant instance; a modal will open to show you the process and give a report.

The backup includes all files (using *rsync* for efficient bandwidth management) on remote host (including user files and files stored out of the web root) and a dump of the database. Each backup is archived in the `backup/archive` folder as a `.tar.bz2` file, where Tiki Manager is installed.

The backup file contains:

- `manifest.txt`: Indicates where folders were located on the remote host
- `database_dump.sql`: Self-explanatory
- `[a-f0-9]{32}`: Folders named using a hash. Content of the folders on remote host. The `manifest.txt` file lists these hashes.

1.2.3.2. Restore an instance

Go to **Backups â†’ Restore an instance**, (e.g <http://example.org/backup>), once the instances are listed:

- Select instance do you want to restore from;
- Select the backup do you want to restore;
- Select the instance do you want to restore to;
- Click on the "Restore" button.

A modal will open and give you the report of the restore.

Tiki Manager Web Administration

Restoring an instance

Which instance do you want to restore from?

[managers.example.org](#) (git, 21.x)

[classroom.example.org](#) (git, 18.x)

Which instance do you want to restore to?

[localhost](#) (blank)

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Restore

1.2.3.3. Manage backups

With Tiki Manager Web Administration, manage (list, delete) the backups of your instances, you can find them by going to **Backups** at **Manage Backups**, (e.g <http://example.org/manage>), click on an instance to access the list of backups

Tiki Manager Web Administration

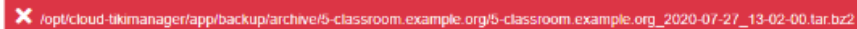
Manage backups

Select an instance

[managers.example.org](#) (git, 21.x)

[classroom.example.org](#) (git, 18.x)

Archive list

 /opt/cloud-tikimanager/app/backup/archive/5-classroom.example.org/5-classroom.example.org_2020-07-27_13-02-00.tar.bz2

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1.2.4. Help

1.2.4.1. Check requirements

Help â†’ Check requirements, (e.g <http://example.org/check>), allows you to get a list of Tiki Manager Web Administration requirements.

Tiki Manager Web Administration

Requirements

Name	Tags	Status
PHP SQLite extension	php-pdo	OK
SQLite package	sqlite3	OK
SSH tools	ssh, ssh-keygen	OK
SVN package	svn	OK
File synchronization package	rsync	OK
Process Prioritizer package	nice	OK
SCP package	scp	OK
MYSQL package	mysql, mysqldump	OK
File compression packages	gzip, bzip2, tar, unzip	OK

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1.2.5. How to update access credentials (username/password)

To update the username and password, edit the config.php file that is located at the root of the web interface files. Please note that reinstalling the web interface on the same exact folder, will not prompt for access credentials if the config.php file is found.

1.2.6. Too many invalid login attempts

If you get a message "Login is temporarily disabled, please contact an administrator to unlock the login process.", see `webmanager:block --reset`