

Tiki Manager

Tiki Manager permits you to manage various instances of Tiki. You can install, upgrade, backup, clone, check the file integrity and do various other things. This can be done on the same server or a remote server. Most actions can be run unattended on a cron job. It can be used via the command line or a web interface.

Tiki Manager supercedes TRIM.

Coming to Tiki25: Tiki Manager Package

Requirements

- SQLite3 for data storage
- PHP 7.4+ with Command-line access (CLI). (Before 2023-07-04, it required PHP 7.1
It uses the Symfony Console Component.
 - It uses Composer for dependency management.
- Git
- Standard server tools like rsync, unzip, etc.
- It's been developed on GNU/Linux, and designed to work anywhere PHP, SQLite and Git are available (Windows, MacOS, *BSD, etc.)

You can use `Check` to verify that your server can run Tiki or Tiki Manager

Installation

These are general instructions for Linux. You may need to adapt for your operating system. See also Additional configuration below.

At a high level:

1. Use Server Check to review and get all the server dependencies
2. Get code from Git in a non-web accessible directory:
`https://gitlab.com/tikiwiki/tiki-manager.git`
3. Run Tiki Manager with `php tiki-manager.php` to complete set up. It will instruct you how to do so (ex.: run Composer to get PHP dependencies)

Example commands (that worked for me on Debian 9 📖)

Install Tiki Manager

```
# Navigate to your working directory (__Do not install in a web accessible directory__) and run the following git command
$ git clone --depth 1 --branch master https://gitlab.com/tikiwiki/tiki-manager.git
# Navigate to the tiki-manager directory with "cd tiki-manager"
# Then run the following. On first run, it will finish the setup (Fetch Composer and get PHP dependencies, Create the SQLite database, etc.)
$ php tiki-manager.php manager:info
```

Documentation

Here is a brief explanation of the basic commands that can be used. All commands follow a wizard pattern.

For more help, you can add --help to any command as in this example

```
php tiki-manager.php instance:create --help
```

instance

instance:create

Adds an instance to be managed by Tiki Manager, which can mean either:

- create a fresh Tiki instance (including a database) fetching files from Git (and optionally SVN)
- or detect an existing Tiki installed via Git or Subversion (SVN) and "adopt" it.
- You may need to convert your Tiki instance from FTP to Git.

Params

Params	Type	Description
blank	option	Blank Instance
type	option	Instance connection type
host	option	Remote host name
port	option	Remote port number
user	option	Remote User
pass	option	Remote password
url	option	Instance web URL
name	option	Instance name
email	option	Instance contact email
webroot	option	Instance web root
tempdir	option	Instance temporary directory
branch	option	Instance branch
backup-user	option	Instance backup user
backup-group	option	Instance backup group
backup-permission	option	Instance backup permission
db-host	option	Instance database host

db-user	option	Instance database user
db-pass	option	Instance database password
db-prefix	option	Instance database prefix (creates an user and database)
db-name	option	Instance database name (when db-prefix is not used)

php tiki-manager.php instance:create

Non interactive command:

```
php tiki-manager.php instance:create --type=local --url=http://manager.tiki.org --name=manager.tiki.org --email=manager@example.org --webroot=/www/manager --tempdir=/tmp/trim_temp --branch=branches/19.x --backup-user=www-data --backup-group=www-data --backup-permission=750 --db-host=localhost --db-user=root --db-pass=secret --db-prefix=manager
```

instance:list

php tiki-manager.php instance:list

Params	Type	Description
son	option	Instance list in a parsable format

instance:access

Opens a shell to the remote host.

Since Tiki Manager manages all your connections, using this command simply avoids needing to remember passwords

Params

Params	Type	Description
instances	option	List of instance IDs or Names to be checked, separated by comma (,)

php tiki-manager.php instance:access

instance:backup

Tiki Manager performs a complete backup of the Tiki instance.

The backup includes all files (using rsync for efficient bandwidth management) on remote host (including user files and files stored out of the web root) and a dump of the database. Each backup is archived in the backup/archive folder as .tar.bz2 file, where Tiki Manager is installed.

The backup file contains:

- manifest.txt: Indicates where folders were located on the remote host
- database_dump.sql: Self-explanatory
- [a-f0-9]{32}: Folders named using a hash. Content of the folders on remote host. The manifest.txt file lists these hashes.

Params

Params	Type	Description
instances	option	List of instance IDs or Names to be checked, separated by comma (,)
exclude	option	Used with --instances=all, a list of instance IDs to exclude from backup
email	option	Email addresses to notify for backup failures (comma separated)
max-backups	option	Max number of backups to keep by instance

```
php tiki-manager.php instance:backup  
instance:blank
```

Like instance:create but it doesn't actually add a Tiki. It just creates an instance that can be used to restore or clone another instance.

```
php tiki-manager.php instance:blank
```

```
php tiki-manager.php instance:create blank  
instance:checkout
```

CheckoutCommand: allow checking out a specific Git branch and revision for main Tiki codebase or local checkouts of themes, for example. Original commit.

Params

Params	Type	Description
instance	accepts one instance ID	

older	either specify 'tiki' to update main Tiki codebase or a subfolder (e.g. themes/XYZ) - folder might exist or not exist. If it exists - it must be a Git checkout. In this case, the specified branch/revision will be checked out. If it doesn't exist, you should also specify a URL and it will be cloned into that folder.
url	url of the Git repo - only used if checking out a new folder (e.g. checking out a new theme on a fresh Tiki)
branch	the branch name. It is a type field currently but we can make it a dropdown with all available remote branches - will need some time to code. A suitable task for a little advanced junior.
revision	optionally specify a commit ID/tag to checkout a specific revision

php tiki-manager.php instance:checkout

This useful for A theme managed in Git

instance:clone

Makes another identical copy of Tiki. This is basically a combination of make backup and make restore in one operation.

The destination instance can be blank or another configured and managed Tiki Instance. Be very careful, when using existing another Tiki Instance, as the data here will be wiped and replaced by the data from the source instance. As two Tiki instances with the same settings (ex.: both point to the same Elasticsearch index can cause issues), recommended reading: Divergent Preferences in Staging Development Production

The following are excluded from the cloning process:

- db/local.php (the database access info needs to point to another database)
- the .ini.php file (if any) used for System Configuration

Params

Params	Type	Description
mode	parameter	Check if is a clone or upgrade
check	option	Check files checksum. Only used in mode upgrade.
source	option	Source instance.
target	option	Destination instance(s).
branch	option	The instance branch to clone.

skip-reindex	option	Skip rebuilding index step. (Only in upgrade mode).
skip-cache-warmup	option	Skip generating cache step. (Only in upgrade mode).
live-reindex	option	Set instance maintenance off and after perform index rebuild.
direct	option	Use rsync to copy files between local instances.
keep-backup	option	Source instance backup is not deleted before the process finished.
use-last-backup	option	Use source instance last created backup.
db-host	option	Target instance database host
db-user	option	Target instance database user
db-pass	option	Target instance database password
db-prefix	option	Target instance database prefix (creates an user and database)
db-name	option	Target instance database name (when db-prefix is not used)
stash	option	Saves your local modifications, and try to apply after update/upgrade.
timeout	option	Modify the default command execution timeout from 3600 seconds to a custom value.
ignore-requirements	option	Ignore version requirements. Allows to select non-supported branches, useful for testing.
only-data	option	Clone only database and data files. Skip cloning code.
only-code	option	Clone only code files. Skip cloning database.

php tiki-manager.php instance:clone

instance:cloneandredact

This command allows you to clone an instance and redact the clone,
make a clone of an instance and redact it.

Params

Params	Type	Description
instances	option	List of instance IDs to be redacted, separated by comma (,).

php tiki-manager.php instance:cloneandredact

instance:cloneandupgrade

Like instance:clone but with an extra upgrade operation.

As two Tiki instances with the same settings (ex.: both point to the same Elasticsearch index can cause issues),
recommended reading: Divergent Preferences in Staging Development Production

The following are excluded from the cloning process:

- db/local.php (the database access info needs to point to another database)
- the .ini.php file (if any) used for System Configuration

Params

Params	Type	Description
mode	parameter	Check if is a clone or upgrade.
check	option	Check files checksum. Only used in mode upgrade.
skip-reindex	option	Skip rebuilding index step.
skip-cache-warmup	option	Skip generating cache step.
live-reindex	option	Set instance maintenance off and after perform index rebuild.
direct	option	Use rsync to copy files between local instances.
keep-backup	option	Source instance backup is not deleted before the process finished.
use-last-backup	option	Use source instance last created backup.db-host
source	option	Use a certain source instance, ID or name.
target	option	Use a certain target instance, ID or name.
branch	option	The branch (version) used for the upgrade i.e the branch you want to upgrade to.
db-host	option	Target instance database host.
db-user	option	Target instance database user.
db-pass	option	Target instance database password.
db-prefix	option	Target instance database prefix (creates an user and database).
db-name	option	Target instance database name (when db-prefix is not used).
stash	option	Saves your local modifications, and try to apply after update/upgrade.
timeout	option	Modify the default command execution timeout from 3600 seconds to a custom value

php tiki-manager.php instance:cloneandupgrade
instance:console

Allow to run any Console command from Tiki.

php tiki-manager.php instance:console

Example to clear cache (it will request the instance ID):

```
php tiki-manager.php instance:console --command="cache:clear all"
```

Example with chosen instance:

```
php tiki-manager.php instance:console --instances=5 --command="cache:clear all"  
instance:copysshkey
```

Copy the SSH key to the remote instance. This is used as part of other commands but can be used as standalone as well - copies the Tiki Manager SSH key to the remote machine by asking you for the password to connect to, so Tiki Manager can authenticate via its public/private key pair and skip asking for passwords on all subsequent operations.

```
php tiki-manager.php instance:copysshkey  
instance:delete
```

Delete the instance via the command line (you could also do via the web interface). This does NOT delete your Tiki. It just deletes the instance connection to it.

```
php tiki-manager.php instance:delete  
instance:detect
```

Detect Tiki branch or tag, and PHP version. For debugging purposes. Also useful if you manually proceeded to svn switch and Tiki Manager needs to update its internal database about a Tiki instance.

```
php tiki-manager.php instance:detect  
instance:edit
```

Permits to modify an instance.

```
php tiki-manager.php instance:edit  
instance:fixpermissions
```

Run setup.sh on the remote host using automated parameters. It should work in most cases. If the command propose

my setup.sh without parameters or super user rights are required, you should connect to the remote host manually using `instance:access`.

php tiki-manager.php instance:fixpermissions

instance:import

Import an instance to the instances list, if detects a Tiki instance, and it's not yet managed by Tiki Manager.

Params

Params	Type	Description
type	option	Instance connection type
host	option	Remote host name
port	option	Remote port number
user	option	Remote User
pass	option	Remote password
url	option	Instance web URL
name	option	Instance name
email	option	Instance contact email
webroot	option	Instance web root
tempdir	option	Instance temporary directory

php tiki-manager.php instance:import

Non interactive command:

php tiki-manager.php instance:import --type=local --url=http://manager.tiki.org --name=manager.tiki.org --email=manager@example.org --webroot=/www/manager --tempdir=/tmp/trim_temp

instance:maintenance

Put instances under maintenance or live mode.

php tiki-manager.php instance:maintenance

instance:patch

https://gitlab.com/tikiwiki/tiki-manager/-/merge_requests/271

instance:patch:list

php tiki-manager.php instance:patch:list

instance:patch:delete

php tiki-manager.php instance:patch:delete

instance:patch:apply

php tiki-manager.php instance:patch:apply

-instances=INSTANCES

List of instance IDs to apply the patch on, separated by comma (,)

-package=PACKAGE

Composer package name or 'tiki' if it is a MR to the Tiki codebase

-url=URL

Url of the patch, e.g. https://gitlab.com/tikiwiki/tiki/-/merge_requests/1374.patch

Both GitLab and GitHub support patch and diff outputs of Merge/Pull requests:

- <https://patch-diff.githubusercontent.com/raw/jasonmunro/cypht/pull/548.patch>
- <https://patch-diff.githubusercontent.com/raw/fintech-systems/virtualmin-api/pull/19.diff>
- https://gitlab.com/tikiwiki/tiki/-/merge_requests/1245.patch

Example:

php tiki-manager.php instance:patch:apply https://gitlab.com/tikiwiki/tiki/-/merge_requests/1245.patch

instance:profile:apply

Apply a profile to an instance.

php tiki-manager.php instance:profile:apply
instance:restore

Restore on a blank installation. Ref: instance:blank If you have data files that are not stored in the database, you should use the ideal scenario for data file storage and relative paths.

php tiki-manager.php instance:restore
instance:revert

Revert a particular instance working dir to its original branch state (aka git hard reset). Thus, it removes any applied patches

php tiki-manager.php instance:revert
instance:setup-scheduler-cron

This command allows you to enable the cron to run the schedulers

php tiki-manager.php instance:setup-scheduler-cron

It can be used interactively or without interaction. Ex.:

php tiki-manager.php instance:setup-scheduler-cron -i 1 --time="*/10 * * * *"

Possible options:

--update // Update existing cronjob --enable // Uncomment the # from the cronjob line --disable // Comment with # the cronjob line --check // Just check if there is cronjob configured

The command will not work for instances running Windows.

instance:stats

Extract stats (KPIs) from selected instances as csv. Optionally that information can be pushed to another Tiki instance

Params

Params	Type	Description
instances	option	all or list instances to fetch KPI, separated by comma (.). Default is all

exclude	option	List of instance IDs to be excluded, separated by comma (,)
file	option	File name to output the stats. Required when --push-to is used.
push-to	option	Instance ID to push collected instance stats

```
# Display all instance stats php tiki-manager.php instance:stats
```

```
# Save stats to a csv file php tiki-manager.php instance:stats --instances=all --file=instance_stats.csv
```

```
# Upload instances stats to another tiki instance # Using TIKI_ROOT will match instance webroot php tiki-
manager.php instance:stats --instances=all --exclude=1 --file=TIKI_ROOT/temp/instance_stats.csv --push-to=1
instance:update
```

- Does a dry-run first, and aborts on any conflicts
- Updates to latest code in that branch (or trunk) using svn up and thus merging any changes
- And all operations should be done after updating the code
 - Updates the file hashes accordingly. The hash verification/update may prompt with some files containing conflicts if modifications were made on the instance.
 - Performs the database update.
 - Runs setup and Composer,
 - Clears cache
 - Rebuilds search index

During the update process, the instance is disabled using a .htaccess file (previous one is preserved), making the site unavailable until the update is completed.

Params

Params	Type	Description
--------	------	-------------

mode	parameter	Check if is an auto or switch mode
instances	option	List of instance IDs or Names to be checked, separated by comma (,)
branch	option	Instance branch to update
check	option	Check files checksum.
skip-reindex	option	Skip rebuilding index step.
skip-cache-warmup	option	Skip generating cache step.
live-reindex	option	Set instance maintenance off and after perform index rebuild.
email	option	Email address to notify in case of failure. Use , (comma) to separate multiple email addresses.
tag	option	Time delay commits by X number of days. Useful for avoiding newly introduced bugs in automated updates.
stash	option	Saves your local modifications, and try to apply after update/upgrade
ignore-requirements	option	Ignore version requirements. Allows to select non-supported branches, useful for testing.

php tiki-manager.php instance:update

instance:upgrade

Similar to update. Requests for the branch to switch to over the update. You will have several choices of branches. Please note that you should **NOT** downgrade as Tiki doesn't support a downgrade database script. An upgrade is a one-way street! You should make a backup before you upgrade so you can return to this version if issues arise.

If you choose to do a manual upgrade (with svn switch).

Params

Params	Type	Description
check	option	Skip files checksum check for a faster result. Files checksum change won't be saved on the DB.
instances	option	List of instance IDs to be updated, separated by comma (,).
branch	option	The branch (version) you want to upgrade to
skip-reindex	option	Skip rebuilding index step.
skip-cache-warmup	option	Skip generating cache step.
live-reindex	option	Set instance maintenance off and after perform index rebuild.
tag	option	Time delay commits by X number of days. Useful for avoiding newly introduced bugs in automated updates.
stash	option	Saves your local modifications, and try to apply after update/upgrade.
ignore-requirements	option	Ignore version requirements. Allows to select non-supported branches, useful for testing.

php tiki-manager.php instance:upgrade

instance:verify

This is equivalent to a secdb check, except that it's safer because it's made from a trusted host and will take your custom modifications on host into consideration. Upon first run, the check will ask where it should fetch the hashes from.

Params

Params	Type	Description
instances	option	List of instance IDs or Names to be checked, separated by comma (,)
update-from	option	Action related to how checksums are performed. Accepted values - current or source.

php tiki-manager.php instance:verify

instance:watch

This command perform the Hash check (instance:verify). The script will prompt for a contact email address to notify with the log in the case of a suspicious file change (which could be an intrusion or someone who legitimately changed a file on the server).

Params

Params	Type	Description
email	option	Email address to contact.
exclude	option	List of instance IDs to be excluded, separated by comma (,)

php tiki-manager.php instance:watch

backups

backups:setup

Same as manager:setup-backups.

php tiki-manager.php backups:setup

backups:delete

Delete Tiki Manager backups folder and contents. This folder contains the backups of instances managed by Tiki

Manager.

php tiki-manager.php backups:delete

backup:ignore:add

Add one or more paths to the list of ignored paths when doing backups. Helpful to avoid adding to the backup big files or files being backup in a different way.

Params

Params	Type	Description
instance	option	Id of the instance you want to change the ignore list
path	parameter	One or more paths to ignore

php tiki-manager.php backup:ignore:add -i|--instance []

backup:ignore:list

Add one or more paths to the list of ignored paths when doing backups. Helpful to avoid adding to the backup big files or files being backup in a different way.

Params

Params	Type	Description
instance	option	Id of the instance you want to see the ignore list, if not provided, will list all instances

php tiki-manager.php backup:ignore:list [-i|--instance]

backup:ignore:remove

Add one or more paths to the list of ignored paths when doing backups. Helpful to avoid adding to the backup big files or files being backup in a different way.

Params

Params	Type	Description
instance	option	Id of the instance you want to change the ignore list
all	option	If the option <code>--all</code> is provided all ignore paths are removed for this instance
path	parameter	One or more existing ignore paths to remove

php tiki-manager.php backup:ignore:remove -i|--instance [--all | []]

cache

cache:clear

Delete Tiki Manager cache folder. Useful for development.

```
php tiki-manager.php cache:clear
```

database

database:delete

- Delete Tiki Manager database. Useful for development.

```
php tiki-manager.php database:delete  
database:view
```

- View Tiki Manager database. For debug purposes and useful for development.

```
php tiki-manager.php database:view
```

logs

logs:clear

Clear Tiki Manager logs folder.

```
php tiki-manager.php logs:clear
```

manager

manager:info

- Display running OS, PHP version and binary used by Tiki Manager

```
php tiki-manager.php manager:info  
manager:check
```

- Check OS requirements to execute Tiki Manager

```
php tiki-manager.php manager:check  
manager:report
```

- Reports, and send reports to a Tiki instance using Data Channels.

```
php tiki-manager.php manager:report  
manager:setup-clone
```

- Setup a cronjob to perform instance clone.

```
php tiki-manager.php manager:setup-clone  
manager:test-send-email
```

- Test send email.

```
php tiki-manager.php manager:test-send-email  
tiki:versions
```

- Shows all versions of Tiki.

```
php tiki-manager.php tiki:versions
```

Params

Params	Type	Description
instance	option	When provided, will only return versions of tiki compatible with that instance (taking into consideration the instance PHP version)
upgrade	option	When used together with instance, will display only versions compatibles with the instance and that are an upgrade from the current instance version. If instance is not used, then is ignore.
phpexec	option	When provided the version returned by that PHP binary will be used to filter the list of compatible versions. When instance is also defined, this parameter is ignored.
format	option	Allows to output the information as <code>table</code> (default) or <code>simple</code> , the later allows easier integration with script as it outputs the values only
file	option	when set, instead of generating the output to the screen, the version list will be written to the file provided.

manager:reset

- Delete Tiki Manager backup, cache, and log files. Useful for development.

```
php tiki-manager.php manager:reset
```

manager:setup-backups

Set-up a cronjob to perform automatic instance(s) backups (instance:backup) every day at a specific time. The script will prompt for the time which the cron should run at and the instances that will be ignored by these automatic backups (all instances are selected by default).

- Automatic backups cronjob should not run at the same time as the "manager:setup-update" cron job command. Make sure you pick different run times.

Params

Params	ParamsType	Description
time	option	Time to trigger the instance(s) backup using the format :
exclude	option	List of instance IDs to be excluded from the backup, separated by comma (,)
email	option	Email address to report backup failures (multiple emails must be separated by comma (,)).
max-backups	option	Max number of backups to keep by instance

```
php tiki-manager.php manager:setup-backups
```

manager:setup-update

Set-up a cron job to perform automatic instance(s) update (instance:update) every day at a specific time. The script will prompt for the time which the cron should run at and the instances that will be affected by this automatic update

Params

Params	ParamsType	Description
time	option	Time to trigger the instance(s) update using the format :
instances	option	List of instance IDs or Names to be checked, separated by comma (,)
email	option	Email address to report update failures (multiple emails must be separated by comma (,))

php tiki-manager.php manager:setup-update

manager:setup-watch

Set-up a cron job on the Tiki Manager master to perform the Hash check (instance:verify) automatically every day. The script will prompt for a contact email address to notify with the log in the case of a suspicious file change (which could be an intrusion or someone who legitimately changed a file on the server) and the time at which the script should run

Params

Params	Type	Description
email	option	Email address to contact.
time	option	The time update should run.
exclude	option	List of instance IDs to be excluded, separated by comma (,)

php tiki-manager.php manager:setup-watch

manager:update

Update Tiki Manager to the latest version available. This updates the PHP code from Git, and updates the Composer dependencies.

Params

Params	Short	Type	Description
--check	-c	option	Only checks if there is new version available for update.
--yes	-y	option	Say yes to update

php tiki-manager.php manager:update --check


```
php tiki-manager.php manager:update -y
```

For installations (without Phar or Git), to enable update, add the following file `.version` to the Tiki-Manager root.

```
{"version":"bf63ffa", "date":"2020-05-03T23:32:58+01:00"}
```

Additional configuration

To easily configure the Tiki Manager application, copy `.env.dist` file to `.env` and insert your configurations for the uncommented (`#`) entries.

Version Control System

Tiki Manager by default uses git and public repository. If you want to use SVN (but you shouldn't as SVN is no longer supported) as your default vcs or another repository please use the following lines in your `.env` file.

```
DEFAULT_VCS=svn GIT_TIKIWIKI_URI= SVN_TIKIWIKI_URI=
```

Behind proxy or without internet connection

Tiki Manager is able to use Tiki's distributed version packages as an alternative when there is no connection to external servers like GitLab or SourceForge.

Setting the default VCS to src, Tiki Manager will use existing packages in the `data/tiki_src` folder (default).

```
DEFAULT_VCS=src
```

Download the distributed Tiki packages, from <https://sourceforge.net/projects/tikiwiki/files/>, and save them into `data/tiki_src` folder.

Email settings

To configure Tiki Manager email sender address add the following line to your `.env` file.

FROM_EMAIL_ADDRESS=

Configure SMTP Server

By default Tiki Manager uses sendmail to send email notifications. If you intend to use SMTP instead add the following lines to your .env file.

SMTP_HOST= SMTP_PORT= SMTP_USER=(optional if authentication is required) SMTP_PASS=(optional if authentication is required)

Web Manager settings

If you want to setup a default folder to install your web manager or apache user:group are different than apache:apache you can add the following settings to your .env file.

WWW_PATH= WWW_USER= WWW_GROUP=

To change the maximum number of failed login attempts on Web Manager, add the following setting to your .env file.

MAX_FAILED_LOGIN_ATTEMPTS=

Timeouts during long running operations

During long operations (like clone or clone and upgrade) you may receive an HTTP error code 503 with a message "Service Unavailable", you can increase Apache's proxy timeout to a more suitable value.

To do that at the Virtual Host level (so it's only enabled for tiki manager) you need to do the following:

Add the Apache directive `ProxyTimeout` to Tiki Managers VirtualHost configuration file.

Example: `ProxyTimeout 300` will set the proxy timeout to 5 minutes

Hooks

Tiki Manager since 2024-02-08 supports hook system, to execute scripts (shell scripts) before or after the command. This can be useful to execute a backup encryption or move backups to different folders or even trigger notifications.

Every command can have a pre and post scripts.

See more context in the feature request: <https://gitlab.com/tikiwiki/tiki-manager/-/issues/22>

Adding a hook

To add a script to be executed before or after the command, you need to add the script file into the folder following this structure:

`/hooks///.sh`

Command is the name of the command being executed, replace `:` with `-`

In this example lets create a post execution hook for instance:create command

The path will be `/hooks/instance-create/post/notify.sh`

Hook variables

Each command can register different variables. Commands that do interact with instances will add the instances properties.

INSTANCE_IDS # A list with the instances ids, that are available in the environment variables (comma separated)

INSTANCE_TYPE_ INSTANCE_VCS_TYPE_ INSTANCE_NAME_ INSTANCE_WEBROOT_ INSTANCE_WEBURL_
INSTANCE_TEMPDIR_ INSTANCE_PHPEXEC_ INSTANCE_PHPVERSION_ INSTANCE_BACKUP_USER_
INSTANCE_BACKUP_GROUP_ INSTANCE_BACKUP_PERM_ INSTANCE_BRANCH_ INSTANCE_LAST_ACTION_
INSTANCE_LAST_ACTION_DATE_

Additional vars per command

instance:patch:apply

INSTANCE_BACKUP_FILE_ PATCH_PACKAGE PATCH_URL

instance:backup

INSTANCE_BACKUP_FILE_

instance:clone

SOURCE_INSTANCE_ID SOURCE_INSTANCE_BACKUP

instance:maintenance

INSTANCE_MAINTENANCE_STATUS_

instance:profile:apply

INSTANCE_PROFILE

instance:setup-scheduler-cron

INSTANCE_JOB_ENABLED_ INSTANCE_JOB_TIME_ INSTANCE_JOB_COMMAND_

instance:stats

INSTANCE_STATS_

instance:upgrade

INSTANCE_PREVIOUS_BRANCH_

instance:watch

INSTANCE_REVISION_ INSTANCE_REVISION_ERROR_

Other Notes

Tiki Manager vs MultiTiki

Using the `instance:console` command in Tiki Manager you can access the multitiki commands in the remote instance, like this. Assuming we are using instance #42 and the virtual domain is example.com, and each branch is in the same directory (i.e. `tiki/branches/20.x` and `tiki/branches/21.x` in this instance.

Details

[+]

Troubleshooting

If you have weird errors and/or an inability to update, it could be

- that Tiki Manager dependencies are messed up. Just delete the vendor/ directory and try again (Tiki Manager will re-download them)
- you have modified code. You can check with `git status` and `git diff`

Source code

The source code is managed here:
<https://gitlab.com/tikiwiki/tiki-manager/>

Debugging

- You can enable TRIM_DEBUG in .env. See .env.dist as a reference.

Roadmap

- Manager

Related

- <https://wikisuite.org/Virtualmin-Tiki-Manager>
alias
-

- Tiki Manager